# THE KENTUCKY SENTINEL.

A WEEKLY JOURNAL, DEVOTED TO POLITICS, NEWS, THE FARM INTERESTS, HOME MATTERS, CHOICE MISCELLANY, AND INTERNAL IMPROVEMENTS.

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TIME OF HOLDING COURTS.

*Circuit Court*—1st Monday in June and December.
*County Court*—3rd Monday in every month.
*Court of Claims*—3rd Monday in November.
*Quarterly Court*—3rd Monday in January, April, July and October.
*Police Court*—1st Saturday in every month.
*Justices Courts*—are held in the months of March, June, September and December.
*1st District.*—Ellis Dean, 1st Saturday; Wm. Henry, 4th Saturday; Jno. W. Highland, Constable.
*2nd. District.*—B. F. Cockrell, 1st Friday; Lewis A. Wright, 4th. Thursday; James D. Tipton, Constable.
*3rd District.*—Elijah Coons, 2nd Wednesday; P. C. Bedford, 4th Friday; Isaac E. Johnson, Constable.
*4th District.*—Levi C. Kash, 2nd Saturday; W. J. Salyers, 4th Tuesday; R. G. Salyer Constable.
*5th District.*—Wm. C. Coons, 1st Thursday; Louis Debard, 3rd Thursday; J. W. Burroughs, Constable.

## SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

*Montgomery Lodge, No. 23.*—Stated meetings on the 2d and fourth Saturday nights in each month.
R. Q DRAKE, W. M.
H. R. FRENCH, Sec'y.

*Mount Horeb R. A. Chapter, No. 21.*—Stated meetings on the 1st Friday in each month, at 2 o'clock, P. M.
H. R. FRENCH, Jr., H. P.
JESSE ORMAR, Sec'y.

*Montgomery Commandery, No. 5.*—Stated meetings second Friday in each month.
H. BASSETT, E. C.

I. O. O. F.

*Watson Lodge, No 32.*—Regular meetings every Monday night. Hall on Maysville Street.
J. W. BURROUGHS, N. G.
WM. HOFFMAN, Sec'y.

*Refuge Encampment, No. 35.*—Regular meetings 1st and 3d Friday nights in each month. Hall same as above.
ALBERT HOFFMAN, C. P.
THOS. HOFFMAN, Scribe.

I. O. G. T.

*Spencer Lodge, No. 344*—Meets every Tuesday evening, at 7 o'clock, at the Odd Fellows' Hall.
*Degree Lodge.*—Regular meeting 2d Friday night in each month. Hall same as above.
W. W. GRUELLE, W.C.T.
J. F. JONES, W.S.

## BUSINESS CARDS.


O. S. TENNEY. T. H. SUMMERS.

TENNEY & SUMMERS,
Attorneys at Law,
MT. STERLING, KY.

WILL practice in the courts of Montgomery and the adjoining counties, and in the Court of Appeals.
Office on Maysville street, near the Court House. [Sept. 22.

THOS. TURNER,
Attorney at Law,
MT. STERLING, KY.

WILL practice in Montgomery, Bath, Powell, and Clark counties, and in the Court of Appeals. [Jan. 5.

JOHN J. CORNELISON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
MT. STERLING, KY.

OFFICE in the Odd Fellows' new building, Public Square, opposite Court House.
Dec. 9-tf.

R. APPERSON, JR. RICHARD REID.

APPERSON & REID,
*ATTORNEYS AT LAW,*
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WILL practice in the Courts of Montgomery and in all the adjacent counties, and in the Court of Appeals. Prompt attention given to all business.
Office at Reid & Reid's old stand.
Jan. 6.

ROBERT RIDDELL. ROBERT FLUTY

RIDDELL & FLUTY,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
IRVINE, ESTILL COUNTY, KY.

WILL practice in all the Courts of the 13th Judicial District, and in the Court of Appeals. Prompt attention given to collections. [Oct. 1.

M. S. TYLER. D. B. GARRISON.

TYLER & GARRISON,
*Attorneys at Law and Brokers*
MOUNT STERLING, KY.

Special attention paid to United States Claims and Collections. [oct26-6m.

DR. RALLS & VANANTWERP,
DENTISTS
MT. STERLING, KY.
Office, Masonic Temple, up stairs.
June23-1y.


## STALLIONS.


THE SPLENDID STALLION,

Tom McDonald!

Will make the present season which has commenced, and will expire July 1st, 1872, at my stable in Bath Co., near the Turnpike Road leading from Mt. Sterling to Owingsville, 7 miles from the former and about the same distance from the latter place. He will serve mares at $20 the season, money due July 1st, 1872. All mares proving not to be in foal will be permitted to be bred back next Spring free of charge, if the horse should be alive.

DESCRIPTION AND PEDIGREE.

He is a bay, 16 hands high, has fine style and action, with fine stamina and muscular power. He was sired by McDonald's Mambrino, he by the late J. B. Clay's old Mambrino Chief. McDonald's Mambrino's 1st dam was by Old Bay Messenger, 2d dam Mrs. Caudle, the dam of Ericsson. McDonald's 1st dam was by Star Davis, and he by Imp. Glencoe; 1st dam Margaret Wood, by Imp. Priam; 2d dam, Maria West, who was the dam of Wagner, by Marion; 3d dam, Ella Cummings, by Imp. Hedgford; 4th dam, by Imp. Fearnaught McDonald's 2d dam, Fashion's Bird Eye, by Bedford, son of Woodpecker; 3d dam, Bird Eye, by Young Tranby, by Imp. Tranby; 4th dam, by Bertrand, 5th dam, by Imp. Medley, 6th dam, by Eclipse, son of Imp. Eagle. It will be seen from the above that Tom McDonald is closely allied to the best bred and Race Horses that England has ever produced, and he is the direct descendant of as good Trotting family as there is in America, and I can see no reason why he will not produce trotters. He is a valuable stock horse for this country. Mares will be grazed at two dollars per month, and will be properly attended to, but no responsibility for accidents should they occur.

April 4, 1872. A. G. PETERS.

THE KING OF TROTTERS!

ALBION!

THIS celebrated Trotter, who has begotten some of the finest and fastest Trotters on the American Turf, will stand the present season at my stables on the farm of Gen. Sam. L. Williams, in Montgomery county, 5 miles from Mt. Sterling, on the Paris pike, and will be permitted to serve mares at the low price of

$25 the Season,

The money due when the service is rendered. Should any mare prove not to be in foal, she can be returned next season free of charge.

DESCRIPTION AND PEDIGREE.

ALBION is 16 hands high, a beautiful brown, and 16 years old. He is a graduate at the different Kentucky Fairs, not only in his own ring, but has taken several $50 Premiums in the Sweepstakes rings. He can trot today, old as he is, inside of three minutes.

ALBION was sired by Hathaway's Halcorn, he by old Virginia Halcorn, he by Virginia, he by Sir Archie; Halcorn's dam was by Shylock. Albion's dam was by Crowel, he by Bertrand, and out of a thoroughbred mare brought from North Carolina by Col. James Lindsey, one of the former owners of Bertrand; Albion's grand dam by Echo, he by Rainbow, he by Imported Bedford. Albion is acknowledged to be the best breeder on the continent. His colts are all remarkable for perfect beauty of form, high spirit, freedom of action, and swiftness of speed. As Trotters they are unexcelled. One of his colts, four years old, having been handled only sixty days, was sold only a month or two ago by Benj. Robertson of our own county, to Eastern parties for $10,000. His colts all show speed, and several of them will go into training this spring, and now promise to make fast trotters. The sale made by Mr. Robertson mentioned above, is considered by all horse men to be the best sale ever made in the United States, when it is taken into consideration that the colt had only been trained sixty days.

I confidently believe that I am offering the services of the best horse in Kentucky, and I invite breeders to call and examine him.

Good grass furnished mares at reasonable rates. R. L. WILLIAMS.

March 28, 1872.

Membrino Chief.

THIS splendid trotting stallion will make a season at Longwood Training Stables, 3 miles east of Mt Sterling, on the Owingsville pike, and will be allowed to serve a few mares at

Thirty Dollars the Season,

The money due when the season is ended, which has commenced, and will expire on the 1st of October next. If the mare does not prove to be in foal, the breeder shall have the right of breeding her again next season free of charge, or his money will be returned to him, as he may elect.

DESCRIPTION AND PEDIGREE.

Mambrino is a dark mahogany bay, ten years old, and full sixteen hands high, of uncommon action, style, and symmetry of form, which will insure to the breeder large, handsome, and high-priced colts, if he does not get winners on the turf.

Membrino Chief was sired by Ericsson, and he by the late J. B. Clay's old Membrino Chief, who produced more fast trotting horses than any horse ever did in the United States. Membrino Chief's dam was sired by Aratus, and he by the King of Horses, old Sir Archie. Grand dam was sired by Timoleon, who was the best son of old Sir Archie, and produced more race horses and the best ones the world has ever known. Thus it will be seen that Membrino Chief is the direct descendant of the best trotting and race horses of which we have any record.

I will give a premium of $50 each to the best horse and sucking colt of his get this season, and a premium of $200 for the fastest trotter at 2 years old.

The exhibition and trotting will take place at my training track, at a convenient season, of which due public notice will be given.

JOHN S. WILLIAMS.

April 11, 1872.


[From the Cincinnati Enquirer.]

### The Southern Railroad.

MT. STERLING, KY., June 1, 1872.

To the Editor of the Enquirer:

In the Gazette of the 24th ultimo there appeared an article signed "E. D. M.," and in the Enquirer on the 28th an editorial, upon the necessity of a railroad from Cincinnati to Cumberland Gap, and a South Atlantic connection. I concur in the spirit of those articles, and am gratified at the interest manifested in the subject; but beg to be allowed to correct some mistakes. E. D. M. assumes that the true path from Cincinnati to the South Atlantic is through the Rabun Gap, and thence by the Blue Ridge Railroad. The Enquirer assumes that the only line of extension for the Kentucky Central is from Paris *via* Winchester and Richmond to a connection with the Southern roads at or near Knoxville. Neither of these assumptions are correct.

From Cincinnati, via Paris, Winchester and Richmond to the Gap, is 224 miles, and from thence to Knoxville 57 miles, making it 281 miles from Cincinnati to Knoxville. From Cincinnati, via Paris, Winchester, Richmond and London, directly to Knoxville, is 278 miles. From Cincinnati, via Paris, Mt. Sterling and Three Forks, of Kentucky River to the Gap, is 221 miles, and to Knoxville 278 miles. From Cincinnati, via Falmouth, Carlisle, Mt. and the Three Forks, to the Gap is 210 miles, and to Knoxville 267 miles. By the Falmouth and Mt Sterling route it is 655 miles from Cincinnati to Charleston. By the Paris and Mt. Sterling route it is 666 miles. By the Blue Ridge and Knoxville Route it is 750 miles. From Cincinnati to Wilmington, N. C., via Falmouth and Mt. Sterling it is 668 miles; via Paris and Mt. Sterling 679 miles, via Richmond, Blue Ridge and Knoxville it is 756 miles. From Cincinnati via Falmouth and Mt. Sterling to Beaufort, South Carolina, is 754 miles, via Paris and Mt. Sterling 765 miles, via Richmond, Blue Ridge and Knoxville 842 miles. From Cincinnati via Falmouth and Mt. Sterling it is but 339 miles to Cleveland, 367 to Chattanooga, and 377 to Dalton, and it is well known that the connections south and south east of Cleveland and Dalton are equal if not superior to those at Chattanooga. By the nearest survey of your Southern Road it is 333 miles to Chattanooga, and our proposed route gives all the South Atlantic connections and it is only 34 miles further to Chattanooga by way of it than by the proposed Southern Road. It will be seen that our proposed route by way of Falmouth reaches Knoxville in 10 miles less than the route by Richmond. It is 14 miles nearer to the Gap than the route by Richmond. By the Paris and Mt. Sterling route it is the same distance to Knoxville as by the Richmond route, and our routes have this advantage that they go by the Gap to Knoxville and tap the South Atlantic connections directly, and the other routes would only reach the South Atlantic connections by indirection and with a loss of distance of from 75 to 150 miles, and our routes reach Knoxville and its Southern and South-eastern connections at the same or a shorter distance than the route by Richmond. The writer has been over the routes by way of Mt. Sterling, and ventures to assert that on a survey they will prove shorter, cheaper, more eligible, and can be made with a leveler grade than the route by way of Richmond. Our shortest route taps some iron ore at 92 miles from Cincinnati, in quantity at 100 miles, and at from 112 to 120 miles taps exhaustless forests of yellow and white pine, and exhaustless deposits of coal and iron ore of the finest quality, and continues to run over the coal and ore for 110 miles to the Gap. It passes within 7 miles of Fitchburg and the Estill Iron Works, and through the same strata of ores from which is made the celebrated car-wheel iron. It passes up the valley of the Goose Creek upon which is found an exhaustless supply of the best salt-water.

The Richmond route first taps iron at 137 miles, and iron and coal combined at 145 to 150 miles from your city, and neither the coal nor the iron are of the best quality. It touches no white pine or salt-water, and does not pass near the Estill Furnaces. We protest against a verdict that ours is is not the best, shortest, and cheapest route unless it is demonstrated by an actual survey. No other route is equal to ours in the quantity and quality of iron, coal and lumber along it in their nearness to your city or in its South Atlantic connections. We know that E. D. M. and the Enquirer did not intend to do us injustice, but have been led into error by the fact that the Richmond and Blue Ridge routes have been the longest and most canvassed. E. D. M's favoritism to the Richmond and Blue Ridge route is attributable to the fact that he has passed over it and not over ours. We invite him to pass over ours, and will pay the champagne if he does not enthusiastically adopt and recommend it as the shortest and best route from Cincinnati to tide-waters. THOS. TURNER.

☞ T. R. Rankin—"Uncle Bob," the famous landlord—one day last week, caught a channel cat in South Licking, at Lair's Mill, three miles south of Cynthiana, that measured three feet three and a half inches in length, and weighed thirty pounds.

### LETTER FROM WESTERN KENTUCKY.

Correspondence of THE KENTUCKY SENTINEL.

MAYFIELD, KY., June 7.

Leaving your beautiful city, and enjoying the balmy breezes of the early morning, I journeyed toward Winchester, at which place I was detained until the jehu in charge ot the stage had annihilated several miles of space in the direction of Lexington.

I interviewed the youthful editors of the Clark County Democrat. They are courteous, agreeable gentlemen, and deserve great credit for their enterprise. They were in favor of Horace.

General Breckinridge came in on a construction train, and he being the railway king, I concluded to pay my respects to him and secure a complimentary ticket. I succeeded admirably, and had quite a pleasant ride on the new road. Colonel Robt. F. Bibb, the prominent contractor, has succeeded by his able superintendence in making the road second to none in the United States. The construction train backed to Lexington without the slightest perceptible jar. For a distance of twelve miles the road looms up to the view in a direct line straight as the narrow road that leads the faithful to their heavenly home.

The First Congressional District Teacher's Institute convened at this place on Monday, the 3rd inst. D. D. Thomson, M. D., of Paducah, was unanimously chosen Chairman, and great credit is due him for the impartial manner in which he presided over the deliberations of the meeting. Being formerly connected with the Louisville School Board as its President, he was well acquainted with the method of conducting Institutes.

Wm. A. Turner, M. D., made a capital Secretary.

Prof. B. T. Taylor, of Wolfe county, acted as Chairman of the Committee on Resolutions. He begged the privilege of having the other members of the committee selected from the ladies. The female teachers in this portion of the State have been trained to express themselves in public, and were able to define their position. It was really gratifying to witness the able spouting they put up. Miss Emma Sanders read an able essay on the subject of grammar, illustrating her manner of teaching that text-book.—She introduced it by a brilliant and apparently extemporaneous speech, which so enlivened the convention that they unanimously tendered the young lady a vote of thanks. Miss Annie Wilds, of Ballard county, delivered an appropriate address of commendation, and in behalf of Miss Laura M. Thomas, and other little misses just verging into their teens, presented Prof. P. A. Towne with a choice collection of botanical specimens of floral beauties.

Wm. M. Cargill, of the Cargill House, and Wm. Childers, of the Mayfield Hotel, declined to receive any compensation for any member. Hon. H. A. M. Henderson lectured on various subjects pertaining to modern education. Everything passed off agreeably, and the cause of education is progressing. The unbounded hospitality of the Mayfield citizens will be long remembered by the members of the Institute. ***

### Democratic Meeting in Magoffin County.

At a Democratic meeting held in the Court House, in Salyersville, on Monday the 27th May 1872, Samuel Salyer, was appointed Chairman, and Jos. W. Howard, Secretary. Whereupon the chair appointed D. D. Sublett, Martin Franklin, Reuben Arnett, N. Salyer, and M. Howard, a committee to draft resolutions, who after retiring for a short time, reported through the chairman the following viz:

1. *Resolved*, That we recognize in the Hon. George M. Adams, *the* MAN to represent the 9th Congressional district in the next Congress of the United States, and therefore nominate him as our standard bearer, for the coming November election, for Congress, in this district.

2. *Resolved*, That Farish Arnett, our present Sheriff, having served us "true and faithful," we therefore say to him "well done thou good and faithful servant."

Which resolutions being unanimously adopted, the following delegates were appointed to attend the Frankfort Convention, to be held on the 20th June next: D. D. Sublett, A. B. Salyer, Wm. Craft, Jos. Gardner, Jno. Power, S. J. Rice, E. Kenard, D. K. Altizen, Martin Franklin, A. H. Howard, F. O. Arnett, Green Lyscius, David Collinsworth, Brice Patrick, Wiley Arnett, Daniel Reed, John Hogans, Mason Gullett, Phillip Gose, A. J. Patton, Reuben Arnett, James Dyer, Samuel Salyer, Larkin Howard, H. C. Howard, Thomas D. Salyer, Wiley Salyer, B. F. Howard, M. M. Salyer, Nelson Salyer, George Allen, Samuel Carpenter, and all other good Democrats who may attend said convention from this county.

D. D. Sublett, offered the following viz:

That THE KENTUCKY SENTINEL, Richmond Register, and Kentucky Yeoman, be requested to publish the proceedings of this meeting, which was adopted.

SAMUEL SALYER, Chm'n.
J. W. HOWARD, Secretary.

The cross man goes thru life like a sore-headed dog followed by flies.—[Josh Billings.

## A NEVADA FUNERAL.

BY MARK TWAIN.

There was a grand time over Buck Fanshaw when he died. He was a representative citizen. He had "killed his man"—not in his own quarrel, it is true, but in defense of a stranger beset by numbers. He had kept a sumptuous saloon. He had been the proprietor of a dashing helpmeet, whom he could have discarded without the formality of a divorce. He had held a high position in the fire department, and been a very Warwick in politics. When he died there was a great lamentation throughout the town, but especially in the vast bottom stratum of society.

On the inquest it was shown that, Buck Fanshaw, in the delirum of a wasting typhoid fever, had taken arsenic, shot himself through the body, cut his throat and jumped out of a four story window and broken his neck; and after due deliberation the jury, sad and tearful, but with intelligence unblinded by its sorrow, brought in a verdict of death "by the visitation of God." What could the world do without juries?

Prodigious preparations were made for the funeral. All the vehicles in town were hired, and all the saloons were put in mourning, all the municipal and fire company flags were hung at half-mast, and all the fireman ordered to muster in uniform and bring their machines duly draped in black.

Regretful resolutions were passed and various committees were appointed; among others a committee of one was appointed to call on a minister—a fragile, gentle, spiritual new fledgling from an Eastern theological seminary, and as yet unacquainted with the ways of the mines. The committeeman, "Scotty" Briggs, made his visit.

Being admitted to his presence he sat down before the clergyman, placed his fire hat on an unfinished manuscript sermon under the minister's nose, took from it a red silk handkerchief, wiped his brow and heaved a sigh of impressiveness explanatory of his business. He choked and even shed tears, but with an effort he mastered his voice, and said in lugubrious tones:

"Are you the duck that runs the gospel mill next door?"

"Am I the—pardon me, I believe I do not understand?"

With another sigh and a half sob Scotty rejoined:

"Why' you see, we are in a bit of trouble, and the boys thought maybe you'd give us a lift if we'd tackle you, that is, if I've got the rights of it and you are the head clerk of the doxology works next door."

"I am the shepherd in charge of the flock whose fold is next door."

"The which?"

"The spiritual adviser of the company of believers whose sanctuary adjoins these premises."

Scotty scratched his head, reflected a moment, and then said:

"You rather hold me over, pard. I reckon I can't call that hand. Ante and pass the buck."

"How? I beg pardon. What did I understand you to say?"

"Well, you've rather got the bulge on me. Or maybe we've both got the bulge, somehow. You don't smoke me and I don't smoke you. You see, one of the boys has passed in his checks and we want to give him a good send off, and so the thing I'm on now is to route out somebody to jerk out a little chin music for us, and waltz him through handsome."

"My friend, I seem to grow more and more bewildered. Your observations are wholly incomprehensible to me. Cannot you simplify them some way? At first I thought perhaps I understood you, but now I grope. Would it not expedite matters if you restricted yourself to categorical statements of fact unincumbered with obstructing accumulations of metamorphor and allegory."

Another pause, and more reflection. Then Scotty said:

"I'll have to pass, I judge."

"How!"

"You've raised me out, pard·"

"I still fail to catch your meaning."

"Why, that last lead of yourn is too many for me—that's the idea; I can't neither trump nor follow suit."

The clergyman sank back into his chair perplexed. Scotty leaned his head on his hand, and gave himself up to reflection. Presently his face came up, sorrowful but confident.

"I've got it now, so's you can savvy," said he. "What we want is a gospel-sharp. See?"

"A what?"

"Gospel-sharp parson."

"Oh! why did you not say so before? I am a clergyman—a parson."

"Now you talk! You see my blind, and straddle it like a little man. Put it there!"—extending a brawny paw, which closed over the minister's small hand and gave it a shake indicative of fraternal sympathy and fervent gratification.

"Now we're all right, pard. Let's start fresh. Don't you mind me snuffling a little, becoz we're in a power of trouble. You see one of the boys has gone up the flume"—

"Gone where?"

"Up the flume—throw'd up the sponge, you know."

"Thrown up the sponge?"

"Yes—kicked the bucket—"

"Ah—has departed to that mysterious country from whose bourne no traveler returns."

"Return? Well, I reckon not. Why, pard, he's dead."

"Yes, I understand."

"Oh, you do? Well, I thought maybe you might be getting tangled once more. Yes, you see he's dead again."

"Again! Why, has he ever been dead before?"

"Dead before? No. Do you reckon a man has as many lives as a cat? But you bet, he's awfully dead just now, poor old boy, and I wish I'd never seen this day. I don't know no better friend than Buck Fanshaw. I know'd him by the back; and when I know a man like him I freeze to him—you hear me. Take him all around, pard, there never was a bullier man in the mines. No man ever knowed Buck Fanshaw to go back on a friend. But it's all up you know; it's all up. It ain't no use. They've scooped him!"

"Scooped him?"

"Yes—death has. Well, well, well, we've got to give him up. Yes, indeed. It's a kind of hard world after all, ain't it? But, pard, he was a rustler You ought to see him get started once. He was a bully boy with a glass eye! Just spit in his face and give him room according to his strength and it was just beautiful to see him peel and go in. He was the worst son of a thief that ever draw'd breath. Pard, he was on it. He was on it bigger than an Injun!"

"On it? On what?"

"On the shoot. On the shoulder.—On the fight. Understand? He didn't give a continental—for anybody. Beg your pardon friend for coming so near saying a cuss word, but you see I'm in an awful strain in this palaver, on account of having to cram down and draw everything so mild. But we've got to give him up. There ain't any getting around that, I don't reckon. Now, if we can get you to help plant him—"

"Preach the funeral discourse? Assist at the obsequies?"

"Obsequies is good. Yes. That's it; that's our little game. We are going to get the thing up regardless, you know. He was always nifty himself, and so you bet his funeral ain't going to be no slouch; solid silver door-plate on his coffin, six plumes on the hearse, and a nigger on the box with a biled shirt and a plug hat—how's that for high? And we'll take care of you, pard. We'll fix you all right. There will be a kerridge for you; and whatever you want, you just 'scape out and and we'll tend to it. We've got a shebang fixed up for you to stand behind in No. 1's house, and don't you be afraid. Just go in and toot your horn, if you don't sell a clam. Put Buck through as bully as you can, pard, for anybody that know'd him will tell you that he was one of the whitest men that was ever in the mines. You can't draw it too strong. He never could stand it to see things going wrong.—He's done more to make this town peaceable than any man in it. I seen him lick four Greasers in eleven minutes, myself. If a thing wanted regulating, he wasn't the man to go browsing around after somebody to do it, but he would prance in and regulate it himself. He wasn't a Catholic; but it didn't make no difference about that when it came down to what a man's right was—and so, when some roughs jumped the Catholic boneyard and started to stake out town lots in it, he went for 'em. And he cleaned 'em, too. I was there, and seen it myself."

"That was very well, indeed—at least the impulse was—whether the act was strictly defensible or not. Had deceased any religious convictions?—That is to say, did he feel a dependence or acknowledge allegiance to a higher power?"

More reflection. "I reckon you have stumped me again, pard. Could you say it over once more, and say it slow?"

"Well, to simplify somewhat, was he, or rather, had he been, connected with any organization sequestered from secular concerns and devoted to self-sacrifice in the interests of morality?"

"All down but nine—set 'em up on the other alley, pard."

"What did I understand you to say?"

"Why, you're most too many for me, you know. When you get in with your left, I hunt grass every time.—Every time you draw your full; but I don't seem to have any luck. Let's have a new deal."

"How? Begin again?"

"That's it."

"Very well. Was he a good man—and—"

"There—I see that; don't put up another chip till I look at my hand. A good man, says you? Pard, it ain't no name for it. He was the best man that ever—pard, you would have doted on that man. He could lam any go-loot of his inches in America. It was him that put down the riot last election before it got a start, and everybody said he was the only man that could have done it so scientifically. He waltzed in with a trumpet in one hand and a spanner in the other. He sent fourteen men home on a shutter in less than three minutes. He had that riot all broke up and prevented nice before anybody else got a chance to strike a blow. He was always for peace, and he would have peace—he could not stand disturbance. Pard, he was a great loss to the town. It would please the boys if you could just chip in something that would do him justice. Here once, like when the Micks got to throwing stones through the Methodists' Sunday school windows, Buck Fanshaw, all of his own notion, shut up his saloon and took a couple of six shooters and mounted guard over the Sunday school. Says he, 'No Irish need apply!' And they didn't. He was the bulliest man in the mountains, pard; he could run faster, jump higher, hit harder, and hold more tangle foot whisky without spilling than any man in seventeen counties. Put that in, pard; it'll please the boys more than anything you can say about him. And you can say, pard, that he never shook his mother."

"Never shook his mother?"

"That's it—any of the boys will tell you so."

"Well, but why should he shake her?"

"That's what I say—but some people does."

"Not people of any repute?"

"Well, some that averages pretty so-so."

"In my opinion, a man that would offer personal violence to his mother ought to—"

"Cheese it, pard; you've banked your ball clean outside the string.—What I was drivin' at was that he never throwed off on his mother—don't you see? No, indeedy. He gave her a house to live in, and town lots and plenty of money, he looked after her and took care of her all the time; and when she was down with the small-pox, I'm damned if he didn't sit up nights and nuss her himself!—Beg your pardon for saying it, but it hopped out too soon for yours truly. You've treated me like a gentleman, and I ain't the man to hurt your feelings intentional. I think you're white. I like you, and I'll lick any man that don't. I'll lick him till he can't tell himself from a last year's corpse! Put it there!" [Another fraternal handshake and exit.]

The obsequies were all that "the boys" could desire. Such a marvel of funeral pomp had never been seen in Virginia. The plumed hearse, the dirge-breathing brass bands, the closed marts of business, the flags drooping at half-mast, the long plodding procession of uniformed secret societies, military battalions and fire companies, draped engines, carriages of officials and citizens in vehicles and on foot, attracted multitudes of spectators to the sidewalks, roofs and windows; and, for years afterward, the degree of grandeur attained by any civic display in Virginia was determined by comparison with Buck Fanshaw's funeral.

### Democratic Meeting in Wolfe County.

At a meeting of the Democracy of Wolfe county, held at the courthouse in the town of Campton on Monday, June 3, 1872, on motion of W. O. Mize, C. M. Hanks, Chairman of the County Executive Committee, was called to the Chair, and S. M. Spradling and G. B. Swango were appointed Secretaries.

On motion, the Chairman appointed Levi Kash, A. H. Quillin, J. M. Kash, W. O. Mize, G. W. Cox, Judge J. D. Spencer, George King, Crockett Miller, James Osbourn, E. A. Hensley, Elias Reynolds and James Spencer a committee to draft resolutions expressive of the sense of the meeting.

After retiring a short time the committee returned and reported the following

RESOLUTIONS:

1. That we hold sacred the principles of the Democracy as handed down to us through generations long to be remembered, our hope in struggles past, our anchor for time to come, and as a patriotic people advance those fundamental principles as a foundation upon which to build the future prosperity of our republican Government.

2. That relying upon the cool judgment of our leaders who are to meet in Convention at the city of Frankfort on the 20th instant, their action shall guide us pointing to the general convention to be holden at the city of Baltimore.

3. As a people who have a right to be heard in all that pertains to franchise, we strongly endorse and patriotically advocate the claims of Hon. G. M. Adams as the standard-bearer of our party in the coming contest for Representative from the Ninth Congressional district of Kentucky, and as true Americans (of the Caucasian race) we hold to him as the champion of our party, and enthusiastically endorse his actions heretofore in the halls of Congress.

4. That we heartily present the claims of our fellow-citizen, Thos. Turner, as a suitable person to be appointed our elector for the Presidential canvass in November next.

5. That A. H. Quillin, W. O. Mize, C. M. Hanks, Geo. W. Cox, J. G. Trimble, Levi Kash, J. M. Kash, Judge Jno. D. Spencer, and all other true Democrats of the county of Wolfe, be appointed delegates to the State Convention to meet at Frankfort on the 20th inst.

6. That the action of this convention, together with these resolutions, be published in THE KENTUCKY SENTINEL, Richmond Register, Louisville Ledger, and all other Democratic papers in the State.

The resolutions were unanimously adopted. On motion the meeting adjourned *sine die*.

C. M. HANKS, Chm'n.
S. M. SPRADLING, G. B. SWANGO, Secretaries.

# THE SENTINEL.

WILL. T. HANLY, PUBLISHER.

*OFFICE:*
*Main Street, over Breen & Young's Drug Store.*

MOUNT STERLING:

THURSDAY, JUNE.....20, 1872


FOR SHERIFF,

## LEVI YOCOM.

### SOMETHING ABOUT ABANDONING "PRINCIPLES."

All the Radical papers that reach us, and here and there a Democratic, are terribly exercised over the prospect of the Democracy, at their approaching National Convention, abandoning their "principles" to follow that life-long and arch-enemy of their party, Horace Greeley.

On this subject we purpose to briefly discourse.

What principle of Democracy is it that the Cincinnati platform does not endorse and enunciate? Is it the right of the States to self government—to manage their internal affairs in their own way, subject to no limitations save those embraced in the Federal Constitution? The Cincinnati platform is explicit and outspoken on that point, and takes the Democratic view.

Is it the economical and honest administration of the Government? Show us a Democratic platform that exceeds the Cincinnati instrument in the democracy of its position on that point.

Is it the holding of President and Congress to their legitimate spheres of duty? Wherein is the Cincinnati platform deficient in its expression upon that point.

Is it in assuring to the citizen the protection of the habeas corpus and the unrestricted exercise of the privilege of franchise? Surely no Democrat could go further upon those points than the Cincinnati platform.

The tariff question is left to the people themselves, in their sovereign capacity as electors, to decide, and Congress and President both pledged to obey their will. Isn't this the quintessence of Democracy?

It must be remembered that many of the former issues that divided the Democratic party from its old rivals have been blotted from the books by the result of the war. They are now as dead as the slain in battle. With the disappearance of the institution of slavery all the issues springing from that troublous fountain passed away.

The great questions that confront us are of far more importance than ever was the slavery question, and nearly and imminently effect the purity and perpetuation of the Republic itself. This is no time for quibbling over party names and fighting for partizen purposes. So long as the vital principles for which we have battled so faithfully, through defeat after defeat, are maintained and upheld by any ticket and enunciated in any platform, we care little for the name by which we may be called. The fool will follow the name, which is a shadow; but the wise man and the patriot will cleave to the principles.

Mr. Greeley was our enemy on all the issues arising from the institution of slavery. When it perished all cause of quarrel between us perished. On all the living issues, the ones to be fought over this fall, he and we are in full accord. He has never been a politician in the partizan acceptation of the term. He has ever guided himself by the promptings of his own conscience and the dictation of his own sense of right. Hence, when a Whig, he was frequently at issue with the politicians of his own party. Such has been the history of his connection with the Republican party. He never has submitted to the dictation of party cliques. His honest soul has ever revolted at the idea of making the welfare of the people second to the needs of party. In his utter and indignant condemnation of the system of plundering the people by rings and corporations and monopolies, which has been the chief and almost only characteristic of Grant's Administration, he finds himself at the head of an imposing and rebellious mass of Republicans, whose honesty and patriotism have led them into an attitude of hostility to their former comrades. By the Democracy uniting with them in their patriotic and holy crusade against the despoilers of the Republic, we will be strong enough to wrest the government from its enemies and plunderers, and restore it to its former state. But separate the two forces, and the enemy will whip us by detail. He is strongly entrenched and must be stormed at all points. Common sense urges a union of interest and concert of action on the part of the attacking forces. Patriotism demands the casting aside of old and ignoble prejudices for the common good. And he is a knave or a fool who will stand back chaffering about "principles" when he is only actuated by prejudice, and in holding aloof when his country is crying aloud to him for assistance. He is a traitor who gives indirect aid, comfort and support to the enemy. He should be tossed "neck and crop" into their camp, and forced to render them openly the service he would covertly render them if we harbored him in our lines.

☞ The Lexington Press says that the Cincinnati Convention was called by Free Traders in the interest of free trade. If the editor of the Press will re read the call for the convention he will perceive that he has blundered into an error which would be almost inexcusable in a village editor, and which becomes a positive crime in the conductor of a great metropolitan organ. The convention was *not* called in the interest of free trade. It was simply an invitation to Republicans dissatisfied with the conduct of the Administration of Grant and the leaders of their party in Congress to meet at Cincinnati on the 1st day of May to concert measures for united action for reform in the party. When the day arrived, most unexpectedly to its projectors, the movement had assumed the proportions of a new party. That is the history in brief of the Cincinnati movement. The Press further asserts that the conviction is growing that the Greeley nomination was the weakest that could have been made. The editor of the Press ought to read the papers. He would soon learn that that "conviction" has growth nowhere outside of the Press office.

☞ The Milwaukie Sentinel publishes the following sentiment and credits it to U. S. Grant: "The true prosperity and greatness of a nation is to be found in the education and elevation of its laborers." Now turn to page fifty-three of the National Fourth Reader, and you will find these words in an extract from one of the speeches of Burke: "The true prosperity and greatness of a nation is to be found in the education and elevation of its laborers." Of course Grant is not guilty of this filching from the great Irish orator, for he never looks into a book and never heard of Burke. What he really said was this: "Whosoever wants an office, let him down with the dust."

No longer ago than last Monday there was a meeting, in Washington City, of some of the most influential Democrats, who pledged themselves to bring out a straight Democratic ticket if the National Convention should neglect to do so.—[Maysv. Republican.

For fear that our good neighbor of the Republican—who we know would not assist in circulating an untruth knowingly for anything in the wide, wide world—has not seen the contradiction of the atrocious falsehood contained in the above, we reproduce the following from the Cincinnati Commercial (Republican) of Thursday:

WASHINGTON, June 12.—The Associated Press dispatch from here of last Tuesday, stating that on the night previous there had been a conference of prominent Democrats from the Western and Eastern States, with the object of making an independent Democratic nomination in case Greeley was indorsed at Baltimore, is untrue in every particular. The only conference held by Democrats of any prominence here relative to the political situation was immediately after the Cincinnati Convention, when, under the lead of Voorhees, about twenty Democratic Congressmen signed an address, protesting against any Democratic indorsement of Greeley. It was intended that this address should be sent to the Chairmen of the various State Central Democratic Committees, but it was subequently concluded that this action would look a little too much like dictation from this quarter, and so the address was torn up and the project abandoned.

☞ One of the ablest and best of the Confederate chieftains was Gen. D. H. Hill, of North Carolina. In the last number of his paper, the Southern Home, published at Charlotte, N. C., that distinguished Southern soldier says:

We give to-day the acceptance of Hon. Horace Greeley. There are some expressions which we would like to see struck out. But, on the whole, it is liberal, catholic, frank, generous and manly. We think that the Baltimore Convention can safely accept him with this letter and the platform upon which he stands. He has come more than half way with extended hand to meet the estranged and oppressed South, and we can consistently, with our ideas of honor and chivalry, step forward to welcome him.

☞ The grave of Bourbonism is being dug deeper and deeper. The Wisconsin Democratic State Convention resolved for the indorsement of Greeley and Gratz at Baltimore. Kentucky will follow suit to-day.

☞ The Louisville Ledger is busy proving from its files that it said from the start it would support Greeley in preference to Grant. We suppose its article preferring defeat to Greeley—which meant the re-election of Grant before the election of Greeley—was written in a Pickwickian sense.

☞ On Thursday, the 13th instant, the grand jury of the Criminal Court of Baltimore indicted Rev. Dr. Huston for adultery.

☞ As Congress failed to extend the habeas corpus clause of the Kuklux bill, the President is robbed of the power of using the military to deter the Southern States from voting against him. The troops now stationed in this and other Southern States are being ordered to the plains. This is another of the beneficial effects of "the Cincinnati mob of soreheads."

☞ The Bourbon party of Kentucky is now reduced to Hon. J. S. Golladay, of Logan, Col. Blanton Duncan of Louisville, and Judges Stanton and Phister, of Maysville. The defection of the Louisville Ledger to Greeley compels them to fall back on the Lexington Press for an "organ."

☞ The glorious galaxy of Bourbon statesmen consists of A. H. Stephens of Georgia, D. W. Voorhees of Indiana, and Blanton Duncan of Kentucky.—And pretty chickens they are, too, to cackle of "life-long devotion to Democratic principles"!—Stephens, the old Whig, who never cast a Democratic vote in his life until after the war; Voorhees, who was originally a Whig, and Duncan, who was High Cockalorum of Knownothingism in Kentucky!

☞ Here's how the slate stands today: Electoral votes for Greeley—New York, 70; Pennsylvania, 58; Tennessee, 24; Louisiana, 16; West Virginia, 9; Indiana, 30; Iowa, 22; Kansas, 10; Florida, 8; South Carolina, 14. Total: 253. Electoral votes against Greeley—West Virginia, 1; Delaware, 6.—Total 7. And that's about the proportion of Bourbonism in the Democratic party. 'Rah for Greeley and Gratz!

☞ Our old-time friend, Colonel Franck, of the Brandon (Miss.) Republican, after bewailing the fact that of all the Democratic editors in Mississippi he alone advocates the nomination of a straight-out ticket at Baltimore, sorrowfully declares his intention, in the event of having to choose between Greeley and Grant, to support the former.

☞ The Courier-Journal speaks of the Henderson Reporter as "a paper which has been recently established." We have known the Reporter for at least twenty-five years. It is one of the oldest papers in the State.

☞ While all the other Democratic members of Congress were at their posts to the last minute to defeat the extension of Grant's bayonet bill, that mouthing patriot, Dan Voorhees, was off in Indiana intriguing against Mr. Greeley. Even the fellow's actions were in the interest of Grant.

☞ Jeremiah Colbaith was a young shoemaker who was ashamed of being a mechanic. So he changed his name, read law, took to politics, joined the Knownothings, was elected to the U. S. Senate by that delectable society, and to-day that same Jeremiah Colbaith who was ashamed of an honest trade, is the Radical candidate for Vice-President under the alias of Henry Wilson.

☞ In a recent speech at Lexington, Ned Marshall said that if the Democrats get possession of the next Congress a serious check will be imposed upon the appropriative spirit of the Radical plunderers. "When you make stealing impossible," said he, "you have done a great deal to discourage a large proportion of Republicans."

☞ We really commiserate the forlorn condition of the two Bourbon papers of Kentucky. Here they have for weeks been swearing by the Bourbonism of ex-Senator Hendricks, and lo! he came out at the Indiana State Democratic Convention a Greeley rooster of the largest comb. *Chap-chap-pa-*QUA!

☞ The delegates to the Indiana Democratic State Convention from Vigo county, the home of Dan Vorhees, refused to nominate him as a delegate to Baltimore. Is the Louisville Ledger satisfied with this sort of endorsement of the Sycamore "by his old neighbors"?

"DINNA YE HEAR THE SLOGAN?"—Did the Louisville Ledger and Lexington Press hear the news from Vermont, Iowa, Kansas, Missouri, South Carolina, Wisconsin, Florida and Indiana last week?

☞ The Paducah Tobacco Plant is in favor of the "passive" policy at Baltimore. As such a course would disband the Democratic party, we are pleased to notice that, outside the three or four Radical sheets published in the State, the Tobacco Plant is alone in that behalf.

☞ The Capital thinks it perfectly natural that John A. Logan should attack Sumner. But why in the name of common sense should he so savagely assault the English grammar, to which he is a total stranger, and which never did him harm?

☞ A bogus freemason named Gregg has been victimizing the fraternity at Elizaville and Maysville.

☞ The Harrodsburg People has the following: "Stanfield Burrus, living near Salvisa, committed suicide on Saturday, June 8, by plunging a bowie knife in his side. A few weeks ago he attempted to perpetrate the rash act by beating his head and face in a shocking manner and then running headlong against the corner of a rock chimney. His wounds were dressed, and since then, though closely watched, he went about the house and lot. Last Saturday his wife left the room to get dinner. During her absence he took the knife from a drawer, and thrust it to the hilt in his side. Mrs. Burrus rushed in and found that the fatal blow had been struck at last. Mr. Burrus was highly respected in the community."

☞ The German Government accepts, in principle, the proposition of the French Government for the evacuation of France as installments of the war indemnity are paid, and requires full payment of indemnity before the 2d of March, 1874.


NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

## Residence for Sale.

I OFFER for sale privately the residence I now occupy, on Main Street, nearly opposite the Methodist Church. Persons desiring to purchase are invited to an inspection of the premises, when price and terms will be given.

If not disposed of privately, it will be sold at public auction on July County Court day—the third Monday.

June 20-4w. MRS. L. CAMPBELL.

## NOTICE.

500 SHARES of the Capital Stock of the Mount Sterling Deposit Bank having been subscribed for, notice is hereby given to the stockholders that an election for President and Directors of said bank will be held on Saturday, June 22, 1872, at the office of Wm. H. Winn, in the town of Mt. Sterling, Ky.

B. F. COCKRELL,
THOS H. SUMMERS,
WM. H. WINN,
June 13-1w. Commissioners.

## TO THE PUBLIC.

THE undersigned returns to the people of Mt. Sterling, Montgomery and the adjacent counties, his best thanks for the generous patronage extended to him through a series of years. For the many marks of popular confidence received, he is profoundly grateful, and in discontinuing business at his old stand, he by no means designs to sever the friendly relations, and business amenities that have so long and so cordially existed between him and the public. He is now associated with the well-known firm of

MAUPIN & OREAR,

Where he is still prepared to receive and wait upon his old customers, whom at all times, he will be pleased to see and to supply with the best goods, made in the latest style. He still solicits a continuance of the liberal custom that has in the past crowned his efforts.

June 19, 1872. HARRY CAMPBELL.

## Strayed or Stolen.

ON Sunday night, the 9th inst., from the Public Square in Mt. Sterling, a smutty IRON GREY HORSE, light-bodied, with right eye knocked out, about 14½ or 15 hands high, and about 8 years old. Had on a boy's saddle and bridle when taken. A liberal reward will be paid for any information that will lead to his recovery.

June 13-2w. W. H. NANCE.

## Town Property for Sale.

**The Tavern Stand and Four Town Lots**

In the town of Morehead, Rowan county, formerly owned by John Hargis, situated south-west of the public square and adjoining the same, within two hundred yards of the proposed line of the E. L. & B. S. R. R. For terms apply to THOS. F. HARGIS,

June 13-3w. Carlisle, Ky.
Sentinel copy and ch. Bath County News.

## TOWN PROPERTY FOR SALE.

**Two Town Lots and Six Acres of Land**

In and adjoining the town of Morehead, lying immediately on the line of the railroad. Apply to THOS. F. HARGIS,

June 13-3w. Carlisle, Ky.
Sentinel copy and ch. Bath County News

## Strayed or Stolen!

FROM the farm of Isaac Skinner, on Stoner, in Clark county, about the 30th ult.,

*A Small Bay Mare,*

About 15 hands 1 inch high, 7 years old, very fat, heavy mane and tail, three feet bare, a small white spot in her forehead, paces and racks very well, and trots fast. I will give a

LIBERAL REWARD

For the return of the mare to me at Mount Sterling; or any information that will lead to her recovery.

June 6. THOS. H. SUMMERS.

## PLANTATION BITTERS.

S. T.—1860—X.

**This wonderful vegetable restorative is the sheet-anchor of the feeble and debilitated. As a tonic and cordial for the aged and languid it has no equal among stomachics. As a remedy for the nervous weakness to which women are especially subject, it is superceding every other stimulant. In all climates, tropical, temperate or frigid, it acts as a specific in every species of disorder which undermines the bodily strength and breaks down the animal spirits.**

LYON'S KATHAIRON,

**For Preserving and Beautifying the Human Hair. To Prevent its Falling Out and Turning Gray.**

A well-preserved Head of Hair, in a person of middle age, at once bespeaks refinement, elegance, health and beauty. It may truly be called Woman's Crowning Glory, while men are not insensible to its advantages and charms. Few things are more disgusting than thin, frizzly, harsh, untamed Hair, with head and coat covered with Dandruff. Visit a barber and you feel and look like a new man. This is what **Lyon's Kathairon** will do all the time. The charm which lies in well placed Hair, Glossy Curls, Luxuriant Tresses, and a Clean Head, is noticeable and irresistible.

Sold by all Druggists and Country Stores.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

## TOWN PROPERTY FOR SALE.

I OFFER for sale privately MY RESIDENCE on the lower end of Main street, in the town of Mt. Sterling, Ky., at present occupied by A. T. Wood. The house is a

COMFORTABLE FRAME,

Containing two large rooms and hall, with a large back porch, and dining-room in the same. Also, a good comfortable Kitchen. The lot has upon it a never-failing well of water, and the yard is well set in grass. The lot is large enough to be divided into two lots, with sufficient ground for a good garden to each. As persons desiring to purchase will wish to examine the premises, a further description is deemed unnecessary. I am anxious to sell, and offer a bargain to any one wishing to buy a comfortable home. I desire also to sell my

Business Houses!

On Main street, adjoining the Kentucky Hotel, at present occupied by Lloyd & Story. There are four rooms on the first floor, two of which are good business rooms, and four rooms above, suitable for residences. The house is desirably located for business, and will be sold on easy terms. Possession given during the coming fall. Parties desiring to examine the premises are requested to call upon the Editor of this paper.

For price, terms, &c., address the undersigned at Winchester, Clark county, Ky.

June 6-3m. W. H. H. WRIGHT.

## OLYMPIAN SPRINGS

*Bath County, Ky.*

ARE now open for the reception of visitors. Visitors can come by the Lexington and Big Sandy Railroad to Mt. Sterling, within 15 miles of the Springs, a good turnpike road half way, then a good dirt road. Every effort will be made to make the stay of visitors pleasant. H. GILL.

June 6-2m.

Lexington Gazette, Paris Kentuckian, Carlisle Mercury and Georgetown Times copy six weeks and send bills to this office.

BURNETT'S COCOAINE FOR THE HAIR. TRADE MARK.

THE BEST
Hair Dressing and Restorer.
MILLIONS SAY
"BURNETT'S COCOAINE."
Your Druggist has it.

## CHEAP ADVERTISING.

Advertisements occupying ONE INCH of space will be inserted in 269 NEWSPAPERS, including 23 DAILIES, in

Southern States

Covering thoroughly the States of Maryland, Delaware, Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Arkansas, Tennessee, Kentucky and Missouri,

One Month for $148.

*More Papers, More Dailies, Larger Circulation, Lower Price,* than any other List. Special rates given for more or less space than one inch, and for a longer period than one month. Equally favorable quotations made for any single State. Copies of Lists, Circulars, Estimates, and full information furnished on application. GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., Newspaper Advertising Agents, 41 Park Row, New York.

WARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT.

**A Century of Triumphs** over dyspepsia, liver diseases, bowel complaints and various febrile and nervous disorders, has immortalized the Seltzer Spa, and these victories are now repeated throughout this hemisphere by TARRANT'S EFFERVESCENT SELTZER APERIENT, containing all the elements and producing all the happy results of the Great German Spring.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Cheap Farms! Free Homes!
ON THE LINE OF THE
UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD.

A LAND GRANT OF
12,000,000 ACRES
IN THE
Best Farming and Mineral Lands in America.
3,000,000 Acres in Nebraska,
IN THE
GREAT PLATTE VALLEY,
THE
Garden of the West.
NOW FOR SALE.

These lands are in the central portion of the United States, on the 41st degree of North Latitude, the centralline of the great Temperate Zone of the American Continent, and for grain growing and stock raising unsurpassed by any in the United States.

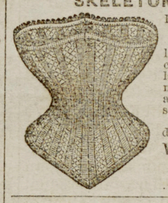
CHEAPER IN PRICE, more favorable terms given, and more convenient to market than can be found elsewhere.

FREE HOMES TO ACTUAL SETTLERS
THE BEST LOCATION FOR COLONIES,
Soldiers Entitled to Homesteads of 160 Acres.
Free Passes to Purchasers of Land.

Send for the new Descriptive Pamphlet, with new maps, published in English, German, Swedish and Danish, mailed free everywhere.

Address O. F. DAVIS,
Land Commissioner, U. P. R. R. Co.
OMAHA, NEB.

FANNING'S PATENT MID-FITTING SKELETON CORSET.



Recommended by leading physicians. Should be worn by all ladies who value health and comfort. They are particularly recommended for summerwear and warm climates, although adapted to all seasons of the year.

For sale by all first-class dealers.

Worcester Skirt Co.,
Sole Manufacturers,
WORCESTER, MASS.

PORTABLE SODA FOUNTAINS
$40, $50, $75 and $100.
*Good, Durable and Cheap.*
SHIPPED READY FOR USE!
MANUFACTURED BY
J. W. CHAPMAN & CO., Madison, Ind.
☞SEND FOR CIRCULAR.☜

$1,000 REWARD

For any case of Blind, Bleeding, Itching or Ulcerated Piles that DR BINO'S PILE REMEDY fails to cure. It is prepared expressly to cure the Piles, and nothing else. Sold by all Druggists. Price, $1.00.

AGENTS Wanted.—Agents make more money at work for us than at anything else. Business light and permanent. Particulars free. G. STINSON & CO., *Fine Art Publishers*, Portland, Maine.

U. S. Piano Co. New York. Price, No Agents. Circulars free. $290

GREAT MEDICAL BOOK of useful knowledge to all. Sent free for two stamps. Address Dr DE LAPARTE & Co., Cincinnati, O.

## DISSOLUTION.

THE firm of Bent & Ragland, Real Estate Agents, has been dissolved by mutual consent. J. M. BENT.

may 23. W. L. RAGLAND.

W. T. HOWE. J. W. GRUBBS

## HOWE & GRUBBS,

Wholesale and Retail Grocers,

Commission and Forwarding Merchants,

Corner Main and Maysville Streets, MT. STERLING, KY

Having bought out the stock of Howe & Miller, we ask an inspection of our Large Stock of

CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES,

Consisting in part of

SUGAR, COFFEE, TEA, FISH, FLOUR
MEAL, BACON,
WOODENWARE, BASKETS,
Clover, Timothy and Grass Seeds,
Pure Whiskey, Apple Brandy, &c.

Our terms are all accounts must be settled on the first of January, April, July and September of each year.

Cash and prompt paying buyers will find it to their interest to call at the "Old Corner."

HOWE & GRUBBS.

## JNO. HANLY

—WITH—

## NEELY & GASS,

—DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF—

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, COAL,
SALT, FLOUR, ETC.

PARIS, KY.

AGENTS FOR

Clipper Reaper & Mower,
CHAMPION REAPER AND MOWER,
Dayton Cultivator, Dayton Horse Hay Rake,
Mitchell's Farm Wagons,

And all other Standard Implements for Farming Purposes.

REPAIRS FURNISHED for all kinds of REAPERS AND MOWERS.

NEELY & GASS.

GROCERIES.

## Glover & Little,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
GROCERS.

SPRING TRADE
1872.

We keep constantly on hand Large Stocks of

*Staple and Fancy*
GROCERIES
—SUCH AS—
Refined and Brown Sugars,
Rio, Java and Mocha Coffee,
Golden Syrups,
N. O. Molasses,
New Catch
MACKEREL, WHITE FISH
—AND—
SALMON.

We offer special inducements to dealers and consumers in

Tobacco & Cigars,
FULL LINES OF
CANNED GOODS,
ALL KINDS.
Wooden Ware, Cordage,
BROOMS, &c.

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